Case 20-09956 Doc 10 Filed 05/29/20 Entered 05/29/20 16:04:32 Desc Main

ormation to identify	your case:		
elicia Foster			
irst Name	Middle Name	Last Name	
irst Name	Middle Name	Last Name	
nkruptcy Court for the:	Northern District of Illinois		
20-09956			
ir	st Name	st Name Middle Name	st Name Middle Name Last Name akruptcy Court for the: Northern District of Illinois

Official Form 427

Cover Sheet for Reaffirmation Agreement

12/15

Anyone who is a party to a reaffirmation agreement may fill out and file this form. Fill it out completely, attach it to the reaffirmation agreement, and file the documents within the time set under Bankruptcy Rule 4008.

	Part 1: Explain the R	epayment Terms of the Reaffirmation Agreement				
1.	Who is the creditor?	Credit Acceptance Corporation				
		Name of the creditor				
2.	How much is the debt?	On the date that the bankruptcy case is filed \$7,236.00 To be paid under the reaffirmation agreement \$7,236.00				
		\$788.02 immediately and \$265.43 per month for 33 r	months (if fixed interest			
3.	What is the Annual Percentage Rate (APR) of interest? (See	rate) Before the bankruptcy case was filed22.5	99_%			
	Bankruptcy Code § 524(k)(3)(E).)	Under the reaffirmation agreement22.99 % 🗹 Fixed rate Adjustable rate				
4.	Does collateral secure the debt?	☐ No ☑ Yes. Describe the collateral. 2012 Ford Focus				
		Current market value \$\$.00			
5.	Does the creditor assert that the debt is nondischargeable?	☑ No ☐ Yes. Attach an explanation of the nature of the debtal	and the basis for contending that the debt is nondischargeable.			
6.	Using information from Schedule I: Your Income	Income and expenses reported on Schedules I and J	Income and expenses stated on the reaffirmation agreement			
	(Official Form 106I) and Schedule J: Your Expenses (Official Form 106J), fill in the amounts.	6a. Combined monthly income from \$ 3,020.00	6e. Monthly income from all sources \$_3,020,00 after payroll deductions			
		6b. Monthly expenses from line 22c of _ \$ 3,020.00	6f. Monthly expenses — \$ <u>3.020.00</u>			
		6c. Monthly payments on all reaffirmed debts not listed on Schedule J	6g. Monthly payments on all reaffirmed debts not included in monthly expenses			
		6d. Scheduled net monthly income \$	6h. Present net monthly income \$			
		Subtract lines 6b and 6c from 6a.	Subtract lines 6f and 6g from 6e.			
		If the total is less than 0, put the number in brackets.	If the total is less than 0, put the number in brackets.			

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Debtor 1			Ca	se number (# known) 20-0	9956
First Name M	iddle Name	Last Name		·	
7. Are the income amounts on lines 6a and 6e different?		Explain why they are differ	rent and complete line 10	\ \	
8. Are the expense amounts on lines 6b and 6f different?	X No Yes.	Explain why they are differ	rent and complete line 10		
9. Is the net monthly income in line 6h less than 0?	No Yes.	A presumption of hardship Explain how the debtor will Complete line 10.	o arises (unless the creditor Il make monthly payments o		nd pay other living expenses.
10. Debtor's certification about lines 7-9		I certify that each explana	tion on lines 7-9 is true and	correct.	
If any answer on lines 7-9 is Yes, the debtor must sign here.		×		×	
If all the answers on lines 7-9 are <i>No</i> , go to line 11.		Signature of Debtor 1			(Spouse Only in a Joint Case)
11. Did an attorney represente the debtor in negotiating the reaffirmation agreement?	⊠ Yes. ∣	Has the attorney executed a ☐ No ☑ Yes	a declaration or an affidavit	to support the reaffirma	ition agreement?
Part 2: Sign Here					
Whoever fills out this form must sign here.			nt is a true and correct copeet for Reaffirmation Agree		agreement between the
	✗ /S Signatu	s/ Christopher H. Pur	rcell	Date	
	Cl	nristopher H. Purcell _{Name}	<u> </u>		
	_	cone: Debtor or Debtor's Attorney Creditor or Creditor's Attorn			

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Form 2400A (12/15)

Check one.

Presumption of Undue Hardship

No Presumption of Undue Hardship

See Debtor's Statement in Support of Reaffirmation,
Part II below, to determine which box to check.

UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT

Northern District of Illinois

Felicia Foster In re,	Case No. 20-09956
Debtor	Chapter 7
REAFFIRMATION DOCUMENTS	1 e
Name of Creditor: Credit Acceptance Corporation	
Check this box if Creditor is a Credit Union	
PART I. REAFFIRMATION AGREEMENT	
Reaffirming a debt is a serious financial decision. Before entering into this Agreement, you must review the important disclosures, instructions, and dethis form.	
A. Brief description of the original agreement being reaffirmed: auto los	an
For	example, auto loan
B. <i>AMOUNT REAFFIRMED</i> : \$	
The Amount Reaffirmed is the entire amount that you are agreeing to pa unpaid principal, interest, and fees and costs (if any) arising on or befor which is the date of the Disclosure Statement portion of this form (Part	re04/29/2020,
See the definition of "Amount Reaffirmed" in Part V, Section C below.	
C. The ANNUAL PERCENTAGE RATE applicable to the Amount Reaffirme	ed is <u>22.9900</u> %.
See definition of "Annual Percentage Rate" in Part V, Section C below.	
This is a (check one) Fixed rate Variable rate	
If the loan has a variable rate, the future interest rate may increase or decrease the disclosed here	from the Annual Percentage Rate

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Form 2400A, Rea	immation Docu	ments				rage 2	
D. Reaffirm	nation Agre	ement Rep	ayment T	erms (check and complet	te one):		
	\$	per moi	nth for _	months starti	ng on	_•	
V		e repaymen al payment	-	ncluding whether futu	re payment amount	t(s) may be different from	n
				88.02 upon the execution nonthly thereafter until p		agreement and \$265.43	
E. Describe	the collate	eral, if any,	securing	the debt:			
	Descrip	tion:		2012 Ford Focus			
	Current	Market Val	lue	\$	4,250.00		
F. Did the d	lebt that is	being reaffi	rmed aris	se from the purchase of	of the collateral desc	cribed above?	
Y	es. What	was the pure	chase pric	ce for the collateral?	\$	14,964.93	
N	lo. What w	vas the amo	ount of the	e original loan?	\$		
G. Specify the debt and any	_	_	his Reaff	irmation Agreement to	o the most recent cr	redit terms on the reaffirm	ned
			Terms	as of the	Terms After		
			Date o	of Bankruptcy	Reaffirmation		
	nce due (in s and costs)	_	\$	7,236.00	\$ 7:	236.00	
•	ual Percent		• ———	2.9900 %	22.9900 %	200.00	
Mon	thly Payme	ent	\$	265.43	\$ <u>265.43</u>		
this 1	Reaffirmati	on Agreem	ent. Desc		the Annual Percenta	re credit in connection was age Rate that applies to h credit:	ith
PART II.						ATION AGREEMENT	Γ
A. Were you	ı represente	ed by an atto	orney dur	ing the course of nego	otiating this agreem	ent?	
Chec	ck one.	Yes	No				
B. Is the cree	ditor a cred	it union?					
Chec	k one.	Yes	No				

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C.	If your answer to EITHE	R guestion A. or B	above is "No."	complete 1. and 2. below.	

1.	1 our	present monthly income and expenses are.	
		nthly income from all sources after payroll deductions home pay plus any other income)	\$ <u>3,020.90</u>
	b. Mo this or	nthly expenses (including all reaffirmed debts except ne)	\$ <u>2,754.57</u>
	c. Am	ount available to pay this reaffirmed debt (subtract b. from a.)	\$ 265.43
	d. Am	ount of monthly payment required for this reaffirmed debt	\$ <u>265-43</u>
	pay th of Und	monthly payment on this reaffirmed debt (line d.) is greater than t is reaffirmed debt (line c.), you must check the box at the top of po due Hardship." Otherwise, you must check the box at the top of p mption of Undue Hardship."	age one that says "Presumption
2.		elieve that this reaffirmation agreement will not impose an undue dents because:	hardship on you or your
	Check	one of the two statements below, if applicable:	
		ause your monthly income is ur expenses the monthly	
		You can afford to make the payments on the reaffirmed debt eve is less than your monthly expenses after you include in your exp all debts you are reaffirming, including this one, because:	
	Use an	additional page if needed for a full explanation.	
-		wers to BOTH questions A. and B. above were "Yes," check the family pplicable:	following
		You believe this Reaffirmation Agreement is in your financial in make the payments on the reaffirmed debt.	terest and you can afford to

Also, check the box at the top of page one that says "No Presumption of Undue Hardship."

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PART III. CERTIFICATION BY DEBTOR(S) AND SIGNATURES OF PARTIES

I hereby certify that:

- I agree to reaffirm the debt described above. (1)
- Before signing this Reaffirmation Agreement, I read the terms disclosed in this Reaffirmation (2) Agreement (Part I) and the Disclosure Statement, Instructions and Definitions included in Part V below;
- The Debtor's Statement in Support of Reaffirmation Agreement (Part II above) is true and (3) complete;
- I am entering into this agreement voluntarily and am fully informed of my rights and **(4)** responsibilities; and
- I have received a copy of this completed and signed Reaffirmation Documents form. (5)

SIGNATURE(S) (If this is a joint Reaffirma	ation Agreement, both debtors mu	ıst sign.):		
Date 52120 Signature	telephor John			
Date / Signature) Geolog			
	Joint Debtor, if any			
Reaffirmation Agreement Terms Accepte	d by Creditor:			
Creditor Credit Acceptance Corporation	112 Cary Street, Cary Illinois 600	13		
Print Name	Address			
Christopher H. Purcell	/s/ Christopher H. Purcell	05/29/2020		
Print Name of Representative	Signature	Date		
PART IV. CERTIFICATION BY DEBT	OR'S ATTORNEY (IF ANY)			
To be filed only if the attorney represen	nted the debtor during the course of n	egotiating this agreement.		
I hereby certify that: (1) this agreement represents a fully informed and voluntary agreement by the debtor; (2) this agreement does not impose an undue hardship on the debtor or any dependent of the debtor; and (3) I have fully advised the debtor of the legal effect and consequences of this agreement and any default under this agreement.				
A presumption of undue hardship has been however, the debtor is able to make the requi		greement. In my opinion,		
Check box, if the presumption of undue hards Union.	ship box is checked on page 1 and	the creditor is not a Credit		
Date $5/21/20$ Signature of Debtor's Attorney				
Print Name of Debtor's A	ttorney Avis Thi	SIEGA		

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Form 2400A, Reaffirmation Documents

PART V. DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND INSTRUCTIONS TO DEBTOR(S)

Before agreeing to reaffirm a debt, review the terms disclosed in the Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I above) and these additional important disclosures and instructions.

Reaffirming a debt is a serious financial decision. The law requires you to take certain steps to make sure the decision is in your best interest. If these steps, which are detailed in the Instructions provided in Part V, Section B below, are not completed, the Reaffirmation Agreement is not effective, even though you have signed it.

A. DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

- 1. What are your obligations if you reaffirm a debt? A reaffirmed debt remains your personal legal obligation to pay. Your reaffirmed debt is not discharged in your bankruptcy case. That means that if you default on your reaffirmed debt after your bankruptcy case is over, your creditor may be able to take your property or your wages. Your obligations will be determined by the Reaffirmation Agreement, which may have changed the terms of the original agreement. If you are reaffirming an open end credit agreement, that agreement or applicable law may permit the creditor to change the terms of that agreement in the future under certain conditions.
- 2. Are you required to enter into a reaffirmation agreement by any law? No, you are not required to reaffirm a debt by any law. Only agree to reaffirm a debt if it is in your best interest. Be sure you can afford the payments that you agree to make.
- 3. What if your creditor has a security interest or lien? Your bankruptcy discharge does not eliminate any lien on your property. A "lien" is often referred to as a security interest, deed of trust, mortgage, or security deed. The property subject to a lien is often referred to as collateral. Even if you do not reaffirm and your personal liability on the debt is discharged, your creditor may still have a right under the lien to take the collateral if you do not pay or default on the debt. If the collateral is personal property that is exempt or that the trustee has abandoned, you may be able to redeem the item rather than reaffirm the debt. To redeem, you make a single payment to the creditor equal to the current value of the collateral, as the parties agree or the court determines.
- 4. How soon do you need to enter into and file a reaffirmation agreement? If you decide to enter into a reaffirmation agreement, you must do so before you receive your discharge. After you have entered into a reaffirmation agreement and all parts of this form that require a signature have been signed, either you or the creditor should file it as soon as possible. The signed agreement must be filed with the court no later than 60 days after the first date set for the meeting of creditors, so that the court will have time to schedule a hearing to approve the agreement if approval is required. However, the court may extend the time for filing, even after the 60-day period has ended.
- 5. Can you cancel the agreement? You may rescind (cancel) your Reaffirmation Agreement at any time before the bankruptcy court enters your discharge, or during the 60-day period that begins on the date your Reaffirmation Agreement is filed with the court, whichever occurs later. To rescind (cancel) your Reaffirmation Agreement, you must notify the creditor that your Reaffirmation Agreement is rescinded (or canceled). Remember that you can rescind the agreement, even if the court approves it, as long as you rescind within the time allowed.

Form 2400A, Reaffirmation Documents

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6. When will this Reaffirmation Agreement be effective?

a. If you were represented by an attorney during the negotiation of your Reaffirmation Agreement and

- i. if the creditor is not a Credit Union, your Reaffirmation Agreement becomes effective when it is filed with the court unless the reaffirmation is presumed to be an undue hardship. If the Reaffirmation Agreement is presumed to be an undue hardship, the court must review it and may set a hearing to determine whether you have rebutted the presumption of undue hardship.
- ii. if the creditor is a Credit Union, your Reaffirmation Agreement becomes effective when it is filed with the court.
- b. If you were not represented by an attorney during the negotiation of your Reaffirmation Agreement, the Reaffirmation Agreement will not be effective unless the court approves it. To have the court approve your agreement, you must file a motion. See Instruction 5, below. The court will notify you and the creditor of the hearing on your Reaffirmation Agreement. You must attend this hearing, at which time the judge will review your Reaffirmation Agreement. If the judge decides that the Reaffirmation Agreement is in your best interest, the agreement will be approved and will become effective. However, if your Reaffirmation Agreement is for a consumer debt secured by a mortgage, deed of trust, security deed, or other lien on your real property, like your home, you do not need to file a motion or get court approval of your Reaffirmation Agreement.
- 7. What if you have questions about what a creditor can do? If you have questions about reaffirming a debt or what the law requires, consult with the attorney who helped you negotiate this agreement. If you do not have an attorney helping you, you may ask the judge to explain the effect of this agreement to you at the hearing to approve the Reaffirmation Agreement. When this disclosure refers to what a creditor "may" do, it is not giving any creditor permission to do anything. The word "may" is used to tell you what might occur if the law permits the creditor to take the action.

B. INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Review these Disclosures and carefully consider your decision to reaffirm. If you want to reaffirm, review and complete the information contained in the Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I above). If your case is a joint case, both spouses must sign the agreement if both are reaffirming the debt.
- 2. Complete the Debtor's Statement in Support of Reaffirmation Agreement (Part II above). Be sure that you can afford to make the payments that you are agreeing to make and that you have received a copy of the Disclosure Statement and a completed and signed Reaffirmation Agreement.
- 3. If you were represented by an attorney during the negotiation of your Reaffirmation Agreement, your attorney must sign and date the Certification By Debtor's Attorney (Part IV above).
- 4. You or your creditor must file with the court the original of this Reaffirmation Documents packet and a completed Reaffirmation Agreement Cover Sheet (Official Bankruptcy Form 427).
- 5. If you are not represented by an attorney, you must also complete and file with the court a separate document entitled "Motion for Court Approval of Reaffirmation Agreement" unless your Reaffirmation Agreement is for a consumer debt secured by a lien on your real property, such as your home. You can use Form 2400B to do this.

Form 2400A, Reaffirmation Documents

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C. **DEFINITIONS**

- 1. "Amount Reaffirmed" means the total amount of debt that you are agreeing to pay (reaffirm) by entering into this agreement. The total amount of debt includes any unpaid fees and costs that you are agreeing to pay that arose on or before the date of disclosure, which is the date specified in the Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I, Section B above). Your credit agreement may obligate you to pay additional amounts that arise after the date of this disclosure. You should consult your credit agreement to determine whether you are obligated to pay additional amounts that may arise after the date of this disclosure.
- 2. "Annual Percentage Rate" means the interest rate on a loan expressed under the rules required by federal law. The annual percentage rate (as opposed to the "stated interest rate") tells you the full cost of your credit including many of the creditor's fees and charges. You will find the annual percentage rate for your original agreement on the disclosure statement that was given to you when the loan papers were signed or on the monthly statements sent to you for an open end credit account such as a credit card.
- 3. "Credit Union" means a financial institution as defined in 12 U.S.C. § 461(b)(1)(A)(iv). It is owned and controlled by and provides financial services to its members and typically uses words like "Credit Union" or initials like "C.U." or "F.C.U." in its name.